1.3MM WATERBORNE SPRAY GUN

ATD-68130

Technical Data:
- Maximum spray air pressure: 2 bar (29 psi)
- Working Pressure: 10 psi
- Air Consumption: 10 CFM at 29 psi
- Weight: 450 grams (gun only)
- Spray gun distance to object: About 6”-8”
- Sound Rating: < 70dBA

While you may require different paint viscosities according to the characteristics of the paint, we recommend that you use Ford#4 viscosity cup at 14-16 seconds for best results.

See the complete Leonardo Waterborne Spray Gun Lineup

ATD-68120
1.2mm Nozzle

ATD-68130
1.3mm Nozzle

Visit us at www.atdtools.com
WARNING - FOLLOW THESE RULES FOR SAFE OPERATION!

- During cleaning and flushing, solvents can be forcefully expelled from fluid and air passages. Some solvents can cause eye injury.
- Be sure all others in the area are wearing impact resistant eye and face protection.
- Even small projectiles can injure eyes and cause blindness.
- Air under pressure can cause severe injury. Always shut off air supply, drain hose of air pressure and disconnect tool from air supply when not in use, before changing accessories or when making repairs. Never direct air at yourself or anyone else. Whipping hoses can cause serious injury. Always check for damaged or loose hoses and fittings. Never use quick change couplings at tool. They add weight and could fall due to vibration. Instead, add a hose whip and connect coupling between air supply and hose whip or between hose whip and leader hose. Do not exceed maximum air pressure of 63 PSI.
- Always use tool a safe distance from other people in work area.
- Maintain tools with care. Keep tools clean and oiled for best and safest performance. Follow instructions for lubricating and changing accessories. Wiping or cleaning rags and other flammable waste materials must be placed in a tightly closed metal container and disposed of later in the proper fashion.
- Do not wear loose or ill-fitting clothing, remove watches and rings.
- Don’t over reach. Keep proper footing and balance at all times. Tripping and Falling can be a major cause of serious injury or death. Be aware of excess hose left on the walking or work surface.
- Don’t force tool. It will do the job better and safer at the rate for which it was designed.
- Don’t abuse hoses or connectors. Never carry tool by the hose or yank it to disconnect from power supply. Keep hoses free of heat, oil and sharp edges. Check hoses for weak or worn condition before each use, making certain that all connections are secure.

- High sound levels can cause permanent hearing loss. Protect yourself from noise. Noise levels vary with work surface. Wear ear protectors.
- When possible, secure work with clamps or vise so both hands are free to operate tool.
- Repetitive work motions, awkward positions and exposure to vibration can be harmful to hands and arms.
- Avoid inhaling dust or handling debris from work processes which can be harmful to your health.
- This tool is not intended for use in explosive atmospheres and is not insulated for contact with electric power sources.
- Solvent and coatings can be highly flammable or combustible especially when sprayed. Adequate exhaust must be provided to keep air free of accumulations of flammable vapors.
- Smoking must never be allowed in the spray area.
- Fire extinguishing equipment must be present in the spray area. Never spray near sources of ignition such as pilot lights, welders, etc.
- Halogenated hydrocarbon solvents - for example, methylene chloride, are not chemically compatible with the aluminum that might be used in many system components. The chemical reaction caused by these solvents reacting with aluminum can become violent and lead to an equipment explosion. Guns with stainless steel fluid passages may be used with these solvents. However, aluminum is widely used in other spray application equipment - such as material pumps, cups and regulators, valves, etc. Check all other equipment items before use and make sure they can also be used safely with these solvents. Read the label or data sheet for the material you intend to spray. If in doubt as to whether or not a coating or cleaning material is compatible, contact your material supplier.
- Sprayed materials may be harmful if inhaled, or if there is contact with the skin. Adequate exhaust must be provided to keep air free of accumulations of toxic materials. Use a mask or respirator whenever there is a chance of inhaling sprayed materials. The mask must be compatible with the material being sprayed and its concentration.

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TROUBLESHOOTING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SPRAY PATTERN</th>
<th>PROBLEM</th>
<th>SOLUTION</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>One side of nozzle wing is clogged.</td>
<td>A. Loose air nozzle.</td>
<td>A. Tighten air nozzle.</td>
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<tr>
<td>B. Material around outside of air nozzle has dried.</td>
<td>B. Trying to spray a thin material in too wide a pattern.</td>
<td>B. Tighten air nozzle and wipe off fluid tip, using rag moistened with thinner.</td>
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<tr>
<td>C. Loose or defective swivel nut on siphon cap.</td>
<td>C.</td>
<td>C.</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Improper spray pattern:
A. | A. | A. |
B. | B. | B. |
C. | C. | C. |

Unable to get round spray:
Fan adjustment screw not seating properly. | Clean or replace. |

Will not spray:
A. | A. | A. |
B. | B. | B. |
C. | C. | C. |
D. | D. | D. |

Fluid leakage from packing nut:
A. | A. | A. |
B. | B. | B. |

Dripping from fluid tip:
A. | A. | A. |
B. | B. | B. |
C. | C. | C. |
D. | D. | D. |

Thin, sandy coarse finish:
A. | A. | A. |
B. | B. | B. |

Thick, dimpled finish resembling orange peel:
Gun held too close to surface. | Move gun further from surface. |